

Today

- Project Origin, Background, and Purpose
- Research Study Questions
- Approach and Methods
- Plans for Sharing

Origin



Background

• Childcare in Canada is expanding: in 2021 the federal government announced they would invest \$21 billion into a national childcare system over 5 years.

• Canada's stated goals: Affordable, inclusive, accessible, higher quality childcare in Canada.

• How will taxpayers know if childcare is accessible, inclusive, and high quality? Program evaluation of childcare programs.

Background

Program evaluation is already widely used to inform decision makers, parents, staff, and others about the quality, accessibility, and inclusion of childcare programming (Toroyan, et. al., 2004; Melhuish, 2001; Scopelliti and Musatti, 2013; Rentzou and Sakellariou, 2013; Ishimine and Tayler, 2014).

But there are gaps in the childcare quality program evaluation literature. These are:

- Program evaluation that incorporates children's perspectives
- Culturally responsive Indigenous evaluation in daycare settings

Background

Those gaps matter because:

- Canadian Evaluation Society: competencies (2.6, 3.2. 3.6, 3.7) and Joint Committee on Standards for Educational Evaluation standards: (U.2, U6, P.1, P3)
- United Nations Declaration on the Rights of the Child: Children have a right to express their views about situations that matter to them, and to have those views heard and considered by adults (Article 12 Canada signed in 1991).
- United Nations Declaration on the Rights of Indigenous Peoples: Article 22(1) statse that particular attention shall be paid to the rights and special needs of Indigenous elders, women, youth, children and persons with disabilities in the implementation of UNDRIP.

Project Purpose

 Use Integrated Knowledge Translation and Design-Based research approaches to collaboratively and iteratively develop daycare program evaluation methods that support children's participation and are culturally responsive for Northwest Territories' programs.

Project Questions

- a. What evaluation approaches, methods, and tools exist for including children's input in daycare quality evaluation?
 - Scoping review
- b. What are the barriers and facilitators to conducting evaluation in daycares in a way that includes children's input?
 - Interviews and focus groups, reflexive practice journal notes
- c. How can daycare program evaluation include children's input?
 - Interviews and focus groups, and reflexive practice journal notes

Design

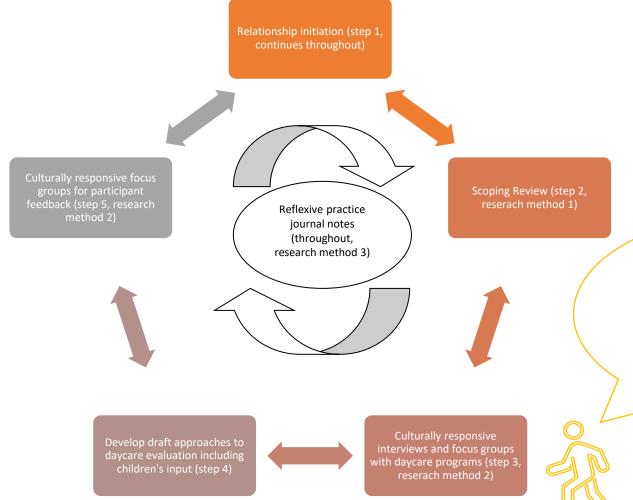
Integrated Knowledge Translation

- A form of community engaged research;
- Codesigning approaches with participating daycare programs;
- Aiming for practical results that are more likely to be useful and used by those the project is meant to benefit (Jull et. al., 2017)

Design-based research

- Findings from one stage inform approach to the next stage;
- A lack of literature and previous examples means using an exploratory, iterative approach (McKenney, S., & Reeves, T. C. 2013)

Approach and Methods



As of September:

- Working with 2 organizations representing 6 daycare programs.
- Aiming for 3-8 more partnerships.
- Interviews / focus groups completed with 9 staff.
- Aiming for 10-20 more interviews.
- One organizational evaluation plan in development
- Aiming for 4 to 9 more organizational evaluation plans

Plans for Sharing and Reciprocity

Four planned ways to share results of the information back to community members:

- **Summary poster** visually describing evaluation and research methods that can be used to gather and include children's input, for daycare programs.
- Plain-language article on why children's input matters, and ways to gather it in daycare setting, for the general public.
- Daycare program(s) evaluation plan(s) with tools for implementation, for daycare programs and policy makers.
- Evaluator reflective practice note on process of establishing partnerships with daycare programs, for evaluators

Summary Poster

Gathering children's daycare experiences

How?

group interviews

Children respond to verbal prompts in a group setting.

play prompts

Children are observed while playing a game designed by the evaluator to elicit feedback.

visual prompts

Drawing prompts: children share their drawn interpretation of the prompts.

Photo prompts: children talk about drawings or pictures shown to them.

one-on-one discussions

Children speak with the evaluator and respond to conversation prompts or questions in the classroom setting.

walk-and-talk

Children take the evaluator on a walk or tour of their space.

observation

Information is gathered by observing children in different activities.

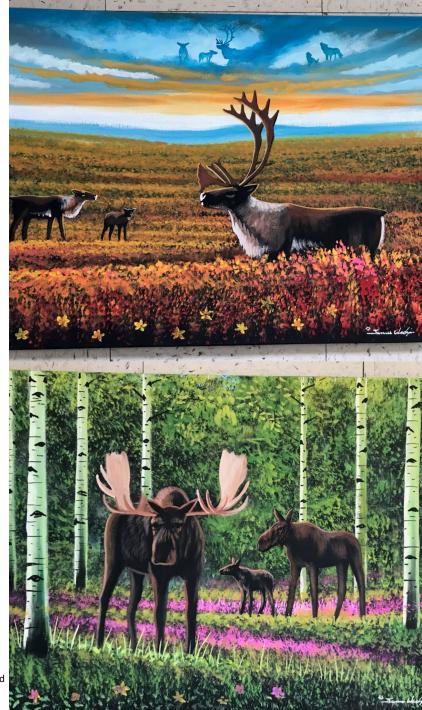


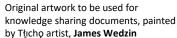
There are many ways to ask children about their daycare experience. The evaluator will take written notes to capture the children's responses. If visual prompts are used, the children's drawings and/or photos might also be collected.

Involving NWT Artists



Scrunchie thank you gifts for interviewees, handsewn by Beaufort Delta artist, **Mariah Charlie**





Thank you

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